

# 國立中央大學八十五學年度轉學生入學試題卷

化學工程學系 二年級

科目：普通物理與普通化學

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參考用

1. Explain or define the following terms: (15分)

(a) The SI units.

(b) The work-energy theorem

(c) A conservative force

(d) The Gauss's law

(e) The Ampere's law

2. How much work must be done to increase the speed of an electron (a) from rest to  $0.5c$ ? (b) from  $0.3c$  to  $0.8c$ ?

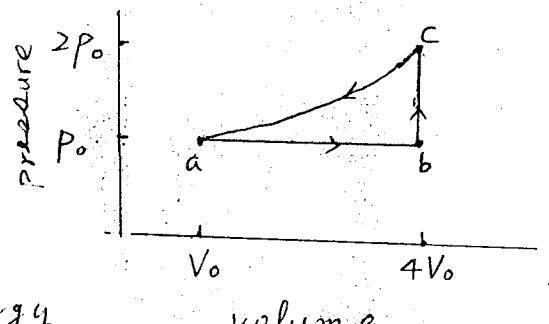
where  $c$  is the speed of light, and the rest mass of electron  $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  kg. (8分)

3. A particle of mass  $m = 2$  kg is located at  $\vec{r} = 3\vec{i} + 8\vec{j}$  (m) with a velocity of  $\vec{v} = 5\vec{i} - 6\vec{j}$  (m/s), and the force acting on it is  $\vec{F} = -7\vec{i}$  (N). Determine: (a) the angular momentum of the particle  $\vec{L} = ?$  (b) the torque acts on the particle  $\vec{\tau} = ?$  (c) the rate of the angular momentum of the particle changing with time  $\frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = ?$  (9分)

4. A circular loop of wire having a radius of 10 cm carries a current of 0.2 A. A unit vector parallel to the magnetic dipole moment  $\vec{\mu}$  of the loop is given by:  $\frac{3}{5}\vec{i} - \frac{4}{5}\vec{j}$ . If the loop is located in a magnetic field given by:  $\vec{B} = 0.25\vec{i} + 0.3\vec{k}$  (T). Find: (a) the magnetic dipole moment  $\vec{\mu}$  of the loop. (b) the torque on the loop. (c) the potential energy of the loop. (9分)

5. One mole of an monatomic gas is caused to go through the cycle shown in figure. (a) How much work is done in expanding the gas from a to c along path abc? (3分)

(b) what are the change in internal energy



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6. Define the following terms: (a) Acid rain (b) Photochemical smog  
(c) Breeder reactors (d) The Second law of thermodynamics (e) Labile complex (15%)
7. Predict the number of unpaired electrons in  $[\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$  complex ion (6%)  
(Co - 27)
8. How many of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  must be added to 1.0 L of 0.10 M  $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$  to form a buffer whose pH is 9.00? ( $\text{NH}_3$   $K_b = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$ ) (10%)
9. Calculate the standard free-energy change  $\Delta G^\circ$  for the cell reaction  
 $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 14\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 6\text{I}^-(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cr}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + 3\text{I}_2(\text{s}) + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ . if we have  
 $2\text{Cr}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 14\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 6\text{e}^- \quad E^\circ = -1.33 \text{ V}$   
 $\text{I}^-(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}\text{I}_2(\text{s}) + \text{e}^- \quad E^\circ = -0.54 \text{ V} \quad (10\%)$
10. Predict the product or products formed in each of the following reactions:
- (a)  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}=\text{CHCH}_3 + \text{HBr} \longrightarrow$
- (b)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 + \text{CH}_3\text{CHClCH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{AlCl}_3}$
- (c)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} \quad (9\%)$